The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1868. NO. 27.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,) or less,	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50
Two squares,	1 50	2 00	3 00
Three squares,	2 25	3 00	4 50

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
One square, or less,	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
Two squares,	6 00	9 00	15 00
Three squares,	8 00	12 00	20 00
Four squares,	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half a column,	15 00	20 00	30 00
One column,	20 00	35 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

Huntingdon Business Directory.

[The following Cards are published gratuitously. Merchants and business men generally who advertise liberally in the columns of THE GLOBE for six months or longer, will have their Cards inserted here during the continuance of their advertisement. Otherwise, special Business Cards inserted at the usual rates.]

DR. WM. BREWSTER, McConnellstown. [Cures by Hictropathy.]

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, in Leister's new building, (second floor.)

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, corner of the Diamond.

W. B. ZEIGLER, Dealer in Ladies and Children's Furnishing Goods, opposite the First National Bank.

W. P. RUDOLPH, Dealer in Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, opposite Leister's new building.

GEO. F. MARSH, Merchant Tailor, opposite, Lewis' Book Store.

H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor, in the Diamond.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, West Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & E. O. BEAVER, Marble Manufacturers, Mifflin street, near the Lutheran church.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JAMES HIGGENS, Manufacturer of Furniture and Cabinet Ware, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. WISE, Manufacturer of Furniture, &c., Huntingdon. Undertaking attended to

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

C. H. MILLER & SON, Dealers in all kinds of Fine Leather, Findings, &c., &c., near the Presbyterian church.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

A. L. LEWIS, Wholesale and retail Merchant, Leister's New Buildfog, Huntingdon.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON, Merchants, Main st., east of Washington Hotel, Huntingdon

GLAZIER & BRO., Retail Merchants, Washington st., near the jail, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,
WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,
No. 148 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,
PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.. nov.17-1y*

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,
A LARGE STOCK
AND
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
Window Curtain Papers,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

ENVELOPE MANUFACTORY,
Nos. 323 *and* 325 *Market street,*
HARRISBURG, PA.

Envelopes of all the standard sizes, colors and qualities together with Ladies' Note, Wedding and Mourning Envelopes, furnished at

LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES!

All goods warranted. Address orders to SINGERLY & MYERS, Nos. 323 and 325 Market st., Harrisburg. oct7-1m

FLOUR! FLOUR!

The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

☞New Styles of Wall Paper for 1868, now arriving at Lewis' Book Store.

Professional & Business Cards.

DR. R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Enare, mch12-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER, DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1865.

E. J. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon.
July 31, 1867.

J. A. POLLOCK,
SURVEYOR & REAL ESTATE AGENT,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Will attend to Surveying in all its branches, and will buy and sell Real Estate in any part of the United States. Send for circular. dec20-1f.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67-tf.

MILTON S. LYTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. ao12'66

R. McMURTRIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

AGEENCY FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

All who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
aug12,1863 HUNTINGDON, PA.

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE
OF
K. ALLEN LOVELL,
District Attorney of Huntingdon County,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House
jan.1.1867

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865-tf.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. ap17'67

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
AMERICAN WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY,
&c., &c., opposite J. A. Brown's Mammoth Hardware store. ☞Watches neatly repaired and warranted.
Huntingdon, Sept 18, 1867-3m

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.
Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.
Grain and country product generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.
aug25-tf Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

THIS MILL is a complete success in the manufacture of FLOUR, &c. It has lately been thoroughly repaired and is now in good running order and in full operation.

The burrs and choppers are new and of superior quality—cannot be excelled. And we are gratified to know that our work has given entire satisfaction to our customers, to whom we tender our thanks.

We have in our employ one of the best millers in the county, and a faithful and capable engineer. Thus equipped and encouraged, we are determined to persevere in our efforts to accommodate and please the public, hoping thereby to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage to sustain us in our enterprise for the public interest.

Market price paid for the different kinds of grain on delivery.

Flour and Chop, on hand, for sale.
JOHN K. McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, Nov. 29, 1867

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞His store is on Hill street, directly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, Oct. 8, 1867

☞For School Books and School Stationery of all kinds call at Lewis' Book Store.

☞Blank Books for the desk and pocket, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

[For the Globe.]

LOST.

BY OSCAR WILDE.

Lost, lost, lost!
Just as surely, just as true,
As though his blue eyes had kissed the dew
Of Death's dark realm.

Lost, lost, lost!
As though his white brow had pressed the sod,
And his loving breast had pillowed the clod
That crushes to dissolution.

Lo-t, lost, lost!
As though his spirit had taken its flight,
Up through the blaze of golden light
To the arch way of the Eternal.

Lost, lost, lost!
And I bear a weary crushing grief—
That nought on earth can give relief,
Or ease the great heart pain.

Lost, lost, lost!
I murmur sometimes at my burden of woe,
And wonder why God has stricken me so,
And clouded the sunlight of hope.

Lost, lost, lost!
God's gifts are many, Nature is grand, the world is
But what availeth? Grief's black tide [wide,
Sweeps hope and joy to perdition.

Lost, lost, lost!
And life to me is a far stretching plain,
Armless, purposeless, vague and vain;
No starred minaret in the distance.

Lost, lost, lost!
No light gleams for me from the white spire shore,
To guide me to the Alhambra of Love
Whose halls are many with splendor.

Lost, lost, lost!
No Bona Dea to comfort me,
So deep and wild is my agony,
So strange and sad is my destiny.

Lost, lost, lost!
The battle with duty is fierce and wild,
Sometimes I feel like a tired child
Weary of Life's great play.

Lost, lost, lost!
And I sit and dream of that golden time,
When the peerless wealth of a heart-love was mine,
Till I reel with a maddening pain.

Lost, lost, lost!
'Tis a wicked thought that tempts me to sever
The bonds, that may bind us for ever and ever
To darkness and despair.

Lost, lost, lost!
But can I live ever thus shrouded in gloom
With a hopeless watching for the dawn to come,
And the ceaseless wail of lost,

Lost, lost, lost!
And my heart grows sick, and the world vision dim,
When I think of the past and "what might have [been,"
And the long, long years to come.

A Most Strange Chapter.

A correspondent writes us from Waterloo, Iowa, asking if we know of one Edgar Burnham, and of his history.

We do. And it is a strange, true one, known to hundreds, we give it in DEMOCRAT, as it is, that we may correct some errors those who speak of him have fallen into. Eight years since, when we were engaged as city editor of a Milwaukee paper, there lived in this State an editor named Powell, now connected with a Chicago paper, we think. He is unless he has quit it lately.

In 1862 Powell was married to Miss Ellen Burnham, of Brodhead, Wis., after a courtship of some months—Miss Burnham's parents were old residents of Brodhead, and of high respectability. The daughter taught music, had a large number of pupils, and was very attractive. Powell lived with her as husband two years, she being all that time a good wife in all respects, presenting him with but one child. At the expiration of two years, when about twenty-one years of age, Mrs. Powell's voice changed, she grew light whiskers, and gradually changed her sex, developing into a man, in all respects, as if nature, anxious for a freak, had turned a portion of herself wrong side out!

The husband and wife separated when the wife became a man, and Mrs. Ellen Powell took the name of Edgar Burnham, donned male attire, sought and obtained employment as a clerk in Chicago, and lived a single man one year.

During this time he fell in love with a niece of Senator Morgan, of New York, but *did not* marry her, *for reasons* not pertinent to this article. But about the end of the year he did marry a young lady of Brodhead, Wisconsin, a Miss Gorta Everett, who was a music pupil of his when he was Miss Ellen Burnham, over three years previous to the marriage! This second marriage was about two years ago. Soon after this marriage "Edgar" Burnham and wife removed to Waterloo, Iowa, where they now reside, or did not long since.

The former girl is now a man—the former wife is now a husband—the former *mother* is now a *father*—the former young lady teacher of a young lady is now that young lady's husband! Truth is indeed stranger than fiction, and the above simple statement of facts borders so upon the marvelous we could not believe it did we not personally know nearly all the parties.

Any one may be convinced, by writing to parties in either of the places we have named, of the full and entire truth of this.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

☞A man and wife were sitting at breakfast the other day—the husband trying to read the paper while the wife was lecturing on his dissipated hours. He suddenly looked up from his paper and said:

"Here's a perfectly correct sentiment."

A writer in this paper says, that the best capital to begin with is a capital wife!"

"That's very true, dear," replied the wife smiling that her remark would elicit a compliment, "but where can you always get them?"

"In the deaf and dumb asylum, of course."

As sympathetic novelists say, "We will not further invade this scene of quiet domesticity."

Advice to Girls.

Young ladies, the whole secret with nine-tenths of you, of not being able to secure good husbands, is simply that you don't know how to work. You have no knowledge of practical housekeeping, and consequently are useless as helpmeets. Instead of being an assistance to a husband, you are an obstacle to his success. Your style of living, too, is incompatible with his means. You want to begin housekeeping as your parents left off, not as they began, and there are few young men, who have not already a good income, can afford to marry you.

There is no possible objection to the accomplishments of music, painting, and the like, as such, but the idea is to be able to set these prior amusements aside for the period when the stern duties of married life call for your practical knowledge. Show the young man that you can do your part of double business, and that you will not be a dead expense to him through life. Believe us, young friends, as many true, heroic, womanly hearts beat over household duties as flutter beneath the soft light of a parlor chandelier. Your smile is just as bright, your heart as happy and tender, after a day's exertion in a sphere worthy of true womanhood, as in places of dissipation, frippery and silly amusement. Have an ambition to do your part in life; cultivate industrial habits, and let the parlor accomplishments go with the higher accomplishments we have roughly enumerated. It is astonishing how soon a domestic young lady is found out and appreciated. It is because she is such a rare exception to the general rule.

MAKE YOUR KITCHEN PLEASANT.—The pride of any true housewife is her kitchen. It is fashionable for parlor and drawing room and sitting rooms to be neatly, tidily, tastefully furnished, arranged, and kept—therefore, there's no use of telling any one about the beautifying or ornamentation of them. But it is too sadly true, that oftentimes while the front picture—the parlor—is faultlessly elegant and every way attractive, the back ground—the kitchen—is a confoundedly slouchy, dismal, disagreeable place.—Five minutes time, a little exercise of taste and good sense, and the more use of what everybody can use will make a little paradise out of a gloomy walled and unattractive kitchen, and save the expense of having a servant on especial duty to keep the kitchen door shut when you have company. What this work is and what the cheap ornaments are everybody knows without being told. We merely give directions for two very simple and pretty kitchen ornaments. Take a common tumbler or a fruit can, fill it nearly full of soft water. Then tie a piece of coarse lace or cheese sacking over it, and press down into the water; cover it with a layer of peas. In a few days they will sprout, the little thread-like roots going down through the lace into the water, and the vines can be trained up on twine, or, what is prettier, a frame may be made for the purpose. The tumbler or jar should be set in a window where sun shines. It requires no care, and you will have a delicate, pretty vine to rest your weary eyes upon.

You can make another pretty thing with as little trouble. Take a saucer and fill it with fresh green moss. Place in the centre a pine cone, having first wet it thoroughly. Then sprinkle it thoroughly with grass seed. The moisture will close the cone partially, and in a day or two the tiny grass spires will appear in all the interstices, and in a week you will have a perfect cone of beautiful verdure. It only wants a plentiful supply of water to be a "thing of beauty" all summer.—*Des Moines Register.*

OUR MISTAKES ABOUT EACH OTHER.—Not one man in ten thousand sees those with whom he associates as they really are. If the prayer of Burns were granted, could we see ourselves as others see us, our self estimates would in all probability, be much more erroneous than they are now.—The truth is, that we regard each other through a variety of senses, none of which are correct. Passion and prejudice, love, hate, benevolence and envy, spectacle our eyes, and utterly prevent us from seeing accurately.—Many whom we deem the porcelain of human clay are mere dirt, and a still greater number of those we put down in our blank books are no further from heaven, perhaps a little nearer, than the censors who condemn them. We habitually undervalue or overvalue each other, and in estimating character, the shrewdest of us only now and then make true appraisals of the virtues and defects of even our closest friends. It is not just or fair to look at character from a standpoint of one's own selection. A man's profile may be unprepossessing and yet his whole face may be agreeable.

ALWAYS TELL THE TRUTH.—The ground work of all manly character is veracity, or the habit of thankfulness. That virtue lies at the foundation of everything said. How common it is to hear parents say, "I have faith in my child so long as it speaks the truth. He may have faults but I know he will not deceive. I build on that confidence. They are right. It is just and lawful ground to build upon. So long as the truth remains in a child, there is something to depend on; but when truth is gone all is lost, unless the child is speedily won back again to veracity. Children did you ever tell a lie? If so, you are in imminent danger. Return at once, little reader, and enter the strong hold of truth, and from it may you never depart.

Stories About White Ants.

Travelers in the East have told some wonderful stories about the ravages committed by the white ants, but the following, from an English magazine, are the latest:

"And odd story is largely credited in India in regard to the voracity of the white ant. A gentleman having charge of a chest of money, placed it on the floor, where it was speedily attacked by these destructives, who soon annihilated the bottom of the box and the bags containing the specie, which fell piece by piece into the hollows of the termites' burrow just underneath the floor where the box was placed. When the coin was demanded it was not to be found, but the attacks of the ants were incontestible, and the story got abroad that their teeth were capable of devouring metal. Some years afterwards, when the house was undergoing repairs, the whole sum was found several feet deep in the earth in the midst of the ant nest. White ants once attacked a British ship of the line, the Albion. She was obliged to put into port in consequence, and had to be broken up.

"These creatures are much relished as food by the natives of the interior of India, as well as by those of Africa. In India, before the migration of the ants, two holes are bored in the nest opposite to each other; on the leeward side a pot is placed, which has been rubbed with aromatic herbs; on the windward side a fire is made, the smoke of which drives insects into the pot. These captured victims are then securely fastened in, dried over the fire, and ground into flour, and made into a pastry which is sold to poor people, but which, if used abundantly, produces dysentery. At the time of the migration of the ants in Africa, myriads of them fall into the water, when the natives skim off the surface with calabashes, then grill them in iron cauldrons over a large fire, stirring them as coffee is stirred. The natives eat them by handfuls, without accompaniment or other preparation, and consider them very delicious. They are said to resemble in taste sugared cream, or sweet almond paste. The Hottentots eat them very greedily when boiled, and grow plump and fat upon the food. They also consume the purpæ of the ants, which they call rice, on account of its resemblance to that grain. They cook these in a small quantity of water. A large nest will sometimes yield a bushel of the purpæ."

FINE CLOTHES.—It is an old adage, trite but true that—"fine feathers do not make the bird," and though it is so often quoted, we still meet men and women every day, who think that their costly garments entitle them not only to admiration, but to the countenance and confidence of the intelligent and worthy people among whom they move day after day. This is a very great mistake upon the part of some of the fashionable attired ones, but then in their self-importance and vanity they are impervious to the truth and entirely impregnable to any attempt to convince them of their folly. Poor things it is hardly fair to blame them for a lack of the common sense which beneficent nature failed to endow them with, but we can conceive of no greater benefit that could be conferred on some of these gaudily dressed ladies and gentlemen than to make them know their true position in the estimation of those whose good opinion is worthy having. When they die, society will experience no loss, among the busy multitude there will be no vacancy observed, because when living they neither said a word or performed an act to make a fellow man happier or more useful. Fair weather people are they who display their plumage on bright days, ephemeral creatures, dainty and aristocratic, to whom the stern realities of life are utterly unknown, who shrink from the thought of exertion, and recoil before care and sorrow. It is honest worth that gives to man his value among other men, and fixes his position and influence in society. It matters not whether he toils for a scanty livelihood, or rules the financial world with his word—if he be honest, and reliable his name will be known and respected, while those of the butterflies will be forgotten by even those who knew and loved them best.—*Farmers' Home Journal.*

LUCK.—We believe in luck; believe in lucky stars. Some people are always lucky—never fail to get a drawing ticket in a lottery—are always finding something—never lose anything. From infancy to eldage, everything goes right. The lucky boy wins all his playmates marbles—never gets thrashed at school, although the ringleader ot every plot, while his innocent playfellow gets all the birching—has the prettiest girl for a sweetheart—never gets the measles—never stubs his toes—gets all the rewards of merit—the girls bring him "goodies"—the boys lend him their skates and sleds and jacknives, and forget to ask for 'em again—never tore his trowsers—never had to do chores—never had to sleep alone. When a man, never got cuchred—never paid any tax—never sat on a jury—never was asked to "subscribe"—never was called upon to make a speech—never wrote for the newspapers—in a word, he's one of those lucky dogs you occasionally meet, with whom luck is so natural that if he were to fall and break his neck, he'd not die.

☞Oysters are tenacious of life and are said to keep up their organization in the human stomach for a long time. An oyster's heart beats perceptibly half an hour after it follows the style of journey Jonah made.

☞Many words darken speech.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

North Carolina Reconstruction.

[From the Raleigh (North Carolina) Sentinel.]

The Radical Convention will soon be called to make a Constitution for the State of North Carolina—a State older than the Constitution of the United States—older than the old Confederation itself—older than many persons now living in the Union. A State which has had a Constitution and has been acknowledged as a sovereign State for more than ninety years, by an order of Congress is called upon, not to *amend* her Constitution (which Constitution has been recognized by all the State governments of the Union, by the old Confederation, and by the Government of the United States, in all her branches, for ninety years, to be a republican Constitution and government), but is required to *form* a Constitution, as if she were not now, or never had been, a State! The idea is too sober a one to be set down as a preposterous, a ridiculous one! It is a degrading, a humiliating one, to be required of, or to be submitted to by, a great people.

The people of North Carolina, who made the State and who formed her Constitution, do not desire a new Constitution. Whatever was in her Constitution repugnant to the Constitution of the United States they have expunged. Her people acknowledge no Constitution but that which they had in 1860, with the simple addition of the abolition of slavery. Left to a free and unbiassed choice, they would have no other. If another is forced upon her people, it will be without their consent. It will not be the constitution of a free State and a free people.

Congress, in its plentitude of power, orders the people of North Carolina not to amend their Constitution, but to form one. For what? Are we required to become a new State? Yes. That is the meaning of it. The requisition is made in order to our reconstruction or reception into the Union. But we are already in the Union.—We have never been out of the Union—Congress has so declared—the President has so declared, and the Supreme Court has so declared. The Union has established its offices of custom, its offices of internal revenue, its Federal Courts in the State. The laws and Constitution of the United States are as fully enforced in this State as in any other. We pay our taxes and render the same obedience to the Government that is rendered by any other State. All the laws passed by Congress, either during or since the war, in all particulars (except in those extraordinary laws pertaining to reconstruction) fully recognized North Carolina to be a State in the Union, as much so as any other State. The simple difference is, Congress has not received our Senators and Representatives. And yet Congress requires a *new* Constitution, a *new* State, and a *new* people for North Carolina, before it will recognize us!

Suppose North Carolina assents to the blotting out of its old Statehood—its old history, and the new people, which Congress has made, form a new State, and a new constitution and government, with its old people denuded of their rights and franchises—and suppose all this should be sanctioned by the Government in all its departments. Suppose the Supreme Court were to pronounce the whole thing valid in law, will not this work, in spite of any subsequent acts of the State or of the Congress, a total annihilation of the entire indebtedness of the people, and of the State? Will not this totally obliterate the obligations of the old State and the old people? We ask our learned men in the law to answer this.

But what is the real point with the radical party in this matter of reconstruction? Is it to restore the Union? Not at all. Is it to secure rights and immunities to Union men? Not at all. All these are already secured. Is it to guarantee freedom to the former slave population of the South? By no means. This has already been done. What, then, is the real object of the radical Congress? It is simply to secure the South to the radical party.

But, to do this, that party is utterly oblivious of and apparently indifferent to the direful consequences which must result to the Southern States. We, as in duty bound, warn the people of North Carolina of these consequences. Radical reconstruction, as proposed, will infallibly produce the following results:—

1. It will destroy the culture of cotton in the South, as a leading and chief article of export and commerce. This is a legitimate consequence of *negro equality* in the South. It will give to Europe a monopoly of the cotton culture—thus destroying this great means of exchange and commerce between Europe and the United States—making American cotton manufactures dependent upon Europe for cotton, and obliging Southern planters to become competitors of the Northern planter in wheat, pork, cattle and stock-raising, hay, etc.

2. It proposes to give the negro the control of the ballot box in the South, by disfranchising the white people—thus throwing entirely in the hands of the negro race the control of the offices of the State, the control of the courts, and of the jury-box, as well as our financial, educational, and social interests.

3. Such a state of things must entail upon our white people either perpetual submission to its results, which will promote miscegenation on the one hand, or perpetual conflict on the other, till one or the other, or both, of the races are extinct.

Now, we ask, in all soberness, is there a native white man in the State who will dare to risk such consequences by aiding to bring them about? Is there a respectable, sensible colored man in the State who desires such a result, and who will aid in its accomplishment? Let the white people and the respectable colored people ponder this matter ere they plunge into the gulf whence there is no escape.

[From the Philadelphia Transcript.]

"Restoration of Political Harmony."

On Monday the Board of Trade of Philadelphia assembled for the purpose of discussing a series of resolutions designed to suggest a remedy for the present financial condition of the country. As was to be expected, on a question of so much importance, there was a wide difference of opinion, and after several hours consumed in discussion, no definite conclusion was reached. Contraction and expansion entered largely into the debate, each having its friends and advocates. The payment of the national debt also came in for a share of attention, and the discussion, pro and con, developed no little ability on the part of those who took part, and it was demonstrated that the gentlemen present, although merchants, and unused to forensic efforts, were well versed in political economy, and while differing in regard to the means of remedying existing evils were able to recognize and appreciate the cause. But, in the midst of all the talk, none of the gentlemen appeared willing to touch upon a resolution reported by the committee, and which, in brief, embodied the solution to all our financial, social and political difficulties:—

"That the nominal resumption of specie payments cannot be enforced by act of Congress, *unless assisted by full crops, prosperous industry, and a restoration of political harmony throughout the country.* When these conditions shall have been secured, we will advance toward resumption at a healthy and natural pace, without the interference of arbitrary legislative enactments."

This is the whole question in a nutshell. Encourage the industry of the South; insure true peace and harmony, and all the other problems in political economy will become easy of solution. Legislation such as we have had in the past will not do; resolutions in or out of Congress will be powerless for good, and forced contraction or expansion of the currency will be but temporary reliefs. What is needed is "a restoration of political harmony," and this can only come through a recognition of the people of the South as *men*, and not as machines. The past legislation has been of that character, that all industry in the South has been discouraged, until the people there have reached the verge of starvation. White men have not had an incentive to cultivate their plantations, and the natural result has been that the negroes, failing to secure employment where there was none to give, are entering upon a winter of want and destitution. Nor is this all. The legislation in Washington in its success in depreciating white enterprise South, has at the same time destroyed the means of livelihood left the negroes, and thus those who profess to be the special friends of the negro, have proved his worst enemies. They have forced the blacks into idleness, and given to his opponents an opportunity to refer to his present condition as an evidence that he is unfit for freedom. On the other hand, let there be "a restoration of political harmony throughout the country," let there be encouragement to all manner of industry in the South; let the white people there be assured that the fruits of their labor will not be swept away to meet the demands of a confiscation bill, and what shall we behold? Trade will revive, both North and South; plantations will be under cultivation; the staple products of the South will appear in our markets in abundance, yielding to the planter a revenue which, in turn must pass thro' the various channels of business, and benefit all classes. But, above all, the negroes in the South will then have an opportunity to work. The supply will be equal to the demand, and all vexed questions in regard to wages may be safely left to the laws of supply and demand; an abundance of work for the negro will remove him as an object of charity to the tax-ridden people of the North, and instead of being an element of weakness South, he will be recognized as part of the wealth of the community. The end would be that much of the prejudice now existing against the blacks would be done away, and they would have an opportunity to testify to the world their fitness for freedom. This is a phase of the question the Radicals have persistently ignored. While pretending to be the friend of the negroes they have in fact been his worst enemy, and the political party which shall carry into practical effect measures of legislation calculated to restore this "harmony" suggested by the Board of Trade, will have fully earned for itself the thanks not only of the whites, but the blacks, not only the people of the South, but of the taxpayers of the North, who will then be relieved of not less than one half of their oppressive burdens.

DURING the year, Ohio has received an addition of 11,972 to her population; Missouri of 11,029; Illinois of 7,087; Indiana of 4,134; Kentucky of 3,899; Tennessee of 1,573, and Wisconsin of 2,807.

LORD BACON beautifully said: "If a man be gracious unto strangers, it shows he is a citizen of the world, and his heart is no island cut off from other lands, but a continent that joins them."

WE should give as we receive, cheerfully, quickly, and without hesitation, for there is no grace in a benefit that sticks to the fingers.

NEW England now owns 342 whaling vessels. The number of barrels of sperm oil caught last year was 86,000.

MR. THORNTON, the new British minister to Washington, is to receive a salary of $30,000 in gold.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Those subscribing for three, six or twelve months with the understanding that the paper be discontinued unless subscription is renewed, receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

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The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 22, 1868.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

To Our Friends.

We propose to make considerable improvement in the appearance of the GLOBE early in the spring, if our friends will do *their* part by giving us the necessary encouragement. All arrearages can be paid up—and every good subscriber and friend can procure for the GLOBE an additional advance paying subscriber, which would give us support sufficient to enable us to give our patrons a much better paper than we can afford to give now. All our *patrons* would be gainers by merely *using their influence* to secure for us the necessary additional help. We cannot complain of the support we now receive from a generous public, but if it was more liberal we could give a better paper for the same money each subscriber now pays us. Will our friends and patrons go to work immediately, that we may be able to make arrangements for the improvement at an early day.

☞The Harrisburg *Daily State Guard*, a new Republican paper, has commenced well in exposing the extravagance of Legislators. What the people want most is a few honest, resolute reformers in both Houses to take the bull by the horns and hold him. Already, extravagance *is* the order of the day at Harrisburg. We see no change from last year.

CONGRESS AND THE SUPREME COURT.—A bill has passed the House requiring a concurrence of two-thirds of the Supreme Court to invalidate an enactment of Congress. A majority has been the controlling power. The bill is yet to be acted upon by the Senate. It is alleged that the change is necessary to sustain the Reconstruction acts of Congress, as it is feared a *majority* of the Court will declare them unconstitutional. Is it well to enact a law of universal application to fit a particular case? Some dangerous precedents are being established at Washington.

☞The serious question that our people have to consider now is, have we a President, and the next thing we will have to ponder over is whether we have a Supreme Court. The majority in Congress, from past and present proceedings, do not care to recognize either, but want to govern the nation by and for themselves. They won't let the President do anything, nor will they let the Supreme Court declare anything unconstitutional which they have done or may do. Don't talk about establishing a "republican form of government," in the South, when the Legislative department of the Government at Washington is the latest and most approved style of the "monarchical."

☞The principal business men of the country are complaining of dull times. How can they expect anything else, when one vast section of our country is ruled by the military as if still in a state of war. And so long as they are ruled as they are at present, just so long will there be political discord. Nobody desires to immigrate into a country in which for any offence he sees his neighbor brought before a military political tribunal; nor is there any possibility of white men living contentedly under negro rulers. A better political feeling must exist before trade can prosper, and not only business men but every patriotic citizen should work for a better order of things.

WILL GRANT ACCEPT?—Under the Reconstruction Bill just passed by Congress, Gen. Grant is to be Commander-in-chief of the military reconstruction of the South. Will he accept a position which will force him to show on which side his sympathies are? We cannot see what other purpose is to be accomplished than forcing Grant to *do* what he has all along refused to *say*. If he accepts the position thus forced upon him by Congress, he will be expected to carry out all the provisions of the original Reconstruction bill, and of all the supplements to the same. If he does, then all the odium which attaches upon the Radicals for the passage of the same will fall equally upon Gen. Grant if he executes the same. As it has been, the President executes the law, but in a way that Congress don't like. He tries to appoint Conservative commanders in all the districts. Grant is now, if he accepts, expected to do otherwise; and as he does, so will he be judged, whether a Radical or a Conservative. According to the Constitution, the President is Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy; but according to the new Reconstruction act of the present Congress an officer of the army is selected for the position. If Congress will insist in "working outside of the Constitution," then all the evil which results from such unconstitutionality will be blamed equally upon those who cause it and those who effect it. We are sorry for Grant that he is thus twisted by Congress; but we are more sorry for the people that they have such arrogating representatives in the Legislature of the nation.

Now and Then.

When the tenure of office bill was under discussion in the Senate, last session, Mr. Williams, of Oregon, said that he had "no doubt that any Cabinet minister, *who had a particle of self-respect*, would decline to remain in the Cabinet after the President had signified to him that his presence was no longer needed;" and, during the same discussion, Senator Sherman, of Ohio, gave it as his opinion that "*no gentleman*, NO MAN WITH ANY SENSE OF HONOR, would hold a position as Cabinet officer after his chief had desired his removal." Mr. Sherman said further that, "if he supposed that either of those gentlemen (referring to the Secretaries of War, of the Navy, and of State) was *so wanting in manhood*, IN HONOR, as to hold his place after the *politest intimation* by the President of the United States that his services were no longer needed, he certainly, as a senator, would consent to his removal at any time, and so would they (the senators) all." With these words of theirs on record, Senators Williams and Sherman, and the rest of the Republican Senators voted for Stanton's reinstatement!

The following paper, which was drawn up and presented to Mr. Lincoln in 1864, is worthy of attention just now. This statement was signed by twenty-five senators, nearly all of whom are now Radicals. Its language is emphatic that THE PRESIDENT SHOULD BE AIDED BY A CABINET COUNCIL AGREEING WITH HIM IN POLITICAL PRINCIPLE AND GENERAL POLICY. After this paper had been signed by the gentlemen whose names are given below, it was presented to Mr. Lincoln, who immediately requested of Mr. Blair that he would resign, which he promptly did:

"The theory of our government, the early and uniform practical construction thereof, is that the President should be aided by a Cabinet council agreeing with him in political principle and general policy, and that all important measures and appointments should be the result of their combined wisdom and deliberation. This most obvious and necessary condition of things, without which no administration can succeed, we and the public believe does not exist, and therefore such selections and changes in its members should be made as will secure to the country unity of purpose and action in all material and essential respects, more especially in the present crisis of public affairs.

The Cabinet should be exclusively composed of statesmen who are the cordial, resolute, unwavering supporters of the principles and purposes above mentioned.

This statement was signed by the following United States Senators:

James Dixon and L. S. Foster, of Connecticut; O. H. Browning and Lyman Trumbull, of Illinois; James Harlan and J. W. Grimes, of Iowa; S. C. Pomeroy, of Kansas; Lot M. Morrill and W. P. Fessenden, of Maine; H. B. Anthony, of Rhode Island; Solomon Foot and Jacob Collamer, of Vermont; Charles Sumner and Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts; Zachariah Chandler, of Michigan; Daniel R. Clark and John P. Hale, of New Hampshire; Preston King and Ira Harris, of New York; Benjamin F. Wade and John Sherman, of Ohio; David Wilmot and Edgar Cowan, of Pennsylvania; J. R. Doolittle and T. O. Howe, of Wisconsin."

The reader can make his own comments upon the facts given above. We think Hon. Senators can be as changeable as other men. If their opinions were right *then*, we cannot see why the same opinions would not be right *now*.

☞It is very clear to every reading man that the Radicals in Congress do not intend to take any step backward. Where such extremes will soon land the Republican party and our whole people, it is not very difficult to tell. We had hoped that it was possible for Gen. Grant, (believing him to be a Conservative standing between two extreme political factions controling parties,) to prevent serious national difficulties, but we now fear that he will give way to the pressure made upon him and that he will be used by extremists to keep alive the political passions that have already almost completely prostrated the industry of our country. What made Gen. Grant most popular with the people as a candidate for the Presidency was that they believed he was not in sympathy with either the radical Republicans or radical Democrats. If he should act in harmony with either extreme in the future he cannot expect to retain the confidence of his first friends. Extremes beget extremes. Peace, we fear, is afar off.

The New Reconstruction Bill.

The first clause of the new Reconstruction act declares that neither the Executive nor the courts shall recognize the pretended State Governments created under Mr. Johnson's military proclamation as valid.

The second section places the five military districts under the command of General Grant, but in no way disturbs the previous and necessary subordination of Gen. Grant to the President, or interferes with his supremacy as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy.

The third section repeals those clauses of the Reconstruction act which authorizes the President to appoint civil officers at the South, and authorizes the General of the Army to appoint them.

The fourth section forbids the President to use the Army and Navy in defense of the abolished provisional governments.

The fifth section renders any person who interferes with the orders of the General-in-Chief liable to punishment as for a high misdemeanor.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Johnson, Grant and Stanton.

The Republican press very generally approve the course taken by General Grant and Mr. Stanton in the difficulty growing out of the reinstatement of Mr. Stanton as Secretary of War. The Democratic press take an opposite position. The following article upon the subject is from the Philadelphia *Daily News*, a National Union paper, opposed to the extremes of both parties:

"Mr. Stanton is a lawyer, and has been Attorney General of the United States. When the tenure of office bill was first passed by Congress, and when the President was preparing his veto message, Stanton took strong ground against it, and furnished the points in the message against the bill. This is a well known fact, which Stanton himself does not deny. Yet he has been re-instated in the War Office, and he holds his unenviable position by virtue of this same tenure of office bill.

General Grant surrendered the place of Secretary of War to Stanton because he (Grant) understood the tenure of office law to require him to do so, although he knew that Stanton himself had placed his opinion on record against the constitutionality of that law, and knew that it was at variance with the established practice of the government and with the opinion of the best and wisest statesmen of the country, including the men who framed the Constitution. Knowing this, why should General Grant have constituted himself the Supreme Court, and virtually adjudicated and decided the question himself, especially as he had promised the President to hold possession of the office until the question could be settled by the Supreme Court? General Grant had no right to exercise any discretion in the matter. He was acting as Secretary of War *ad interim*, by order of his superior officer, and had no right to leave his post until ordered by that superior officer to do so; neither had he any right to surrender it to the keeping of another. It was his business to remain where he was placed, and to retain possession of the office until ordered to leave it by the "commander in-chief of the army and navy of the United States." Grant, in surrendering to Stanton and deserting his post, violated the "first duty of a soldier"—*obedience*—and rendered himself liable to the punishment due to "disobedience of orders" and, under the circumstances of his treachery to the President, "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman."

Important from Washington.

The following is the resolution adopted by the Senate in Mr. Stanton's case:

Resolved, That having considered the evidence and reasons given by the President in his report of the 13th of December, 1867, for the suspension from the office of Secretary of War of E. M. Stanton, the Senate do not concur in such suspension.

Certified copies of this resolution were placed in the hands of Gen. Grant and Mr. Stanton on Tuesday morning the 4th. At 10 o'clock on the same day Mr. Stanton called at the War Department and Gen. Grant retired, leaving Mr. Stanton in possession as before his removal by the President. The Washington *Intelligencer* of the 15th gives the following as the President's version of the Stanton affair:

"The circumstances of the reoccupation of the War Department by the deposed Secretary astonished no one more than President Johnson, who was greatly surprised at the surrender by General Grant of the trust reposed in him as Secretary of War *ad interim*. In justification of the President, we are at liberty to state the following additional circumstances, from which our readers will draw their own conclusions: Some time after the appointment of General Grant as Secretary of War *ad interim*, he had a conversation with the President upon the probability of the refusal of the Senate to recognize the suspension of Mr. Stanton, when General Grant stated that, in *that event, he might not wish to* identify himself with either party in the controversy, but added in effect, 'I shall in that event either hand you my resignation as acting Secretary, or let amandamus be issued against me to surrender the office.' This conversation was renewed from time to time, and on last Saturday, when Senator Howard's report from the Senate Committee on Military Affairs in favor of making Stanton's suspension final was under discussion, he reiterated the promise previously made, that he would hand in his resignation as Secretary of War *ad interim* early enough for the President to appoint his successor, or take any other action he might deem requisite, or allow a *mandamus* to be served upon him for the surrender of the office, adding a promise to the President that he should hear from him on the subject on Monday. Monday passed without the promised communication. On Monday evening, after it was known that the Senate had passed Howard's resolutions, refusing to recognize the suspension of Stanton as Secretary of War, General Grant was present at the reception at the Executive Mansion, where he greeted the President, but mentioned nothing of any change in the determination previously declared. The President heard nothing whatever from General Grant upon the subject until 12 o'clock Tuesday, two hours after Mr Stanton had taken possession of the War Office, when the following communication was delivered to him by one of Gen. Grant's staff officers:—

"HEADQUARTERS ARMIES UNITED STATES, WASHINGTON, D. C., January 14—His Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States:—Sir—I have the honor to enclose herewith a copy of the official notice received by me last evening of the action of the Senate of the United States in the case of the suspension of Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War. According to the provisions of section two of An Act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices, my function as a Secretary of War ad interim ceased from the *moment of the reception of the within notice.*

"I have the honor to be, very respectfully your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT, General),"

"In Executive session, Senate of the United States, Jan. 13, 1868:—

"*Resolved*, That having considered the evidence and reasons given by the President in the report of the 12th of December 1867, for the suspension from the office of Secretary of War of E. M. Stanton, the Senate do not concur in such suspension.

[Signed] "J. W. FORNEY, Sec'y.

"Headquarters Armies United States, Jan. 14, 1868.

"Attest:—GEO. K. DENT, Assistant Adjutant General.

"Soon after the delivery of this communication General Grant called in person upon the President during the meeting of the Cabinet, and upon being reminded by the President of his reiterated promise, and especially of the promise made only on Saturday morning last, General Grant admitted the promise in the presence of the members of the Cabinet. We content ourselves at present with a simple statement of facts, and will reserve all comments."

Jan. 15.—The Senate to-day passed the House bill to stop further contraction of the currency.

The correspondent of the Pittsburg *Commercial*, writing to-day says:—General Grant on being shown the President's statement to-day declares that at the interview on Saturday, he did say he had not changed his mind, and also gave the President distinctly to understand that in the case he [Gen. Grant] received from the Senate an official notification that that body did not concur in the reasons given by the President for Mr. Stanton's removal, he [Grant] would be bound under the tenure of office act to at once withdraw from the War Department, and cease his duties as Secretaky of War *ad interim*.

The President informs your correspondent that he did not so understand General Grant. If he had known such was his intention, he should have relieved Grant at once, and placed a man in the War Department who would not have given up to Stanton and thus the matter stands.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Post*, Jan. 15, says:—"I have official authority for stating that Generals Grant and Sherman waited on Mr. Johnson to-day, and informed him that they had advised Mr. Stanton to send in his resignation as Secretary of War, and asked him what he should do in the event of the Secretary's taking such action. The President was non-committal in his replies, and said that he had no suggestion to offer on the subject. They had a very pleasant interview, and at the close both the Generals told the President that they would go to Mr. Stanton, and talk with him on the subject of resigning. They called on Mr. Stanton, but the result of the interview has not transpired. There is a very intense feeling manifested by Congressmen on the subject, many of them affirm that, should Mr. Johnson dare ignore Mr. Stanton and direct that no official relations be held with him, he will be impeached on sight; and *if any subordinate dares ignore* Mr. Stanton *officially*, he will be impeached."

From Harrisburg.

In the House of Representatives on Monday the 13th, Mr. Mann offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The Hon. A. W. Benedict, Clerk of this House, has been called by an over ruling Providence to enter that sphere from which no traveler returns, having been for five years, and at the time of his death, one of the chief officers of this House, it is due to his memory that we place upon our Journal some evidence of our appreciation of his many virtues; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of the Honorable A. W. Benedict, this House has lost a most efficient, untiring, impartial, upright and always courteous officer; and each of the members a wise counsellor and true friend.

Resolved, That we esteem it a privilege to have been associated with Mr. Benedict, and a duty to commend his temperate, cheerful, vigorous, manly, Christian life, as an example worthy of imitation by each of us, and by all young men who desire to become useful and valuable members of community.

On the 14th Mr. McCamant read in place a bill to incorporate the Tyrone and Spruce Creek turnpike company.

On the 15th both Houses met in Convention for the purpose of electing a State Treasurer. Gen. W. W. Irvin, of Beaver County, Republican, received 73 votes, W. V. McGrath, of Philadelphia, Democrat, received 58 votes—Gen. Irvin was declared elected.

Mr. McIntyre is on the following Senate Committees: Pensions and Gratuities, Election Districts, and Private Claims and Damages. Mr Shugert is on the following: Accounts, Agriculture and Domestic Manufactures.

In the House Mr. Wharton is on the following committees: Ways and Means, Iron and Coal Companies, Education, and Corporations. Mr. Miller is on the following: Election Districts, Claims, and Banks. Mr. McCamant of Blair, is on the following: Ways and Means, Iron and Coal Companies, Divorces, and Claims.

The Senate adjourned on Thursday until Monday.

The seat of Mr. Shugert is being contested by Mr. Robinson, and it is thought Mr. Robinson will get the seat.

The House passed the following resolutions by a strict party vote, yeas 47 Republicans, nays 38 Democrats:

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the people of Pennsylvania, do heartily endorse the action of the United States Senate in reinstating as Secretary of War Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, *whose successful administration* of his department during the memorable and gloomy period of war and national peril has endeared his name to every lover of liberty and Union in the land. And that General Grant by his prompt action in recognizing the supremacy of the law-making power over the Executive in turning over the War Department to Secretary Stanton, has proved his full sympathy with Congress and loyal men everywhere, and we pledge him our full confidence and support."

The House adjourned on Friday until Monday evening.

☞Ex Governor Curtin and family have taken lodging in Broad street, corner of Locust, Philadelphia, where they will spend the remainder of the winter.

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

Political Items.

The Reconstruction Convention of South Carolina met on the 14th. It is composed of 53 whites and 63 colored men.

The Democratic State Convention of Ohio, declared unanimously in favor of George H. Pendleton as their choice for the Presidency.

The Republican State Convention of Tennessee, on the 16th, declared in favor of Grant for President and Brownlow for Vice President.

The Connecticut Republican State Convention assembled on the 15th. Four hundred delegates were present and declared in favor of Gen. Grant for the Presidency.

Wayne McVeigh, of Chester County, a son-in-law of Simon Cameron, is in the field as a candidate for United States Senator to be elected by the next Legislature.

The Western States Anti-Radical Club was organized in Washington on the 14th, by the election of Gen. Hugh Ewing of Kansas, President, and Secretary Doolittle, of Wisconsin for Vice President.

Wm J. Hamilton was elected United States Senator by the Maryland Legislature on the 17th. Mr. Hamilton, it is said, has always been an uncompromising Democrat and a strong Secessionist.

Delegates from the Grand Army of the *Republic, said* to represent two hundred and forty thousand persons, met in mass Convention in Philadelphia on the 17th, and unanimously adopted a resolution nominating Gen. Grant for the Presidency. Delegates were present from a large number of States.

The Democratic caucus of Members of the Ohio Legislature, on the 13th *inst.*, nominated Mr. Thurman for United States Senator on the first ballot. The vote stood Thurman 54, Vallandigham 14. Mr. Thurman was the Democratic candadate for Governor last fall. He was elected Senator on the 14th, and takes the place of B. F. Wade. The vote stood Thurman 74, Wade 67.

The Radical Convention of Louisiana, on the 14th nominated Wiymouth, white, for Governor, Alderman Davis, colored, for Lt. Governor, Thomas W. Conway, white, for Superintendent of *public education*, Simon Belden, white, for Attorney General, G. W. Arckliff, white, for Auditor, Antone Duvuclit, colored, for Treasurer. A resolution endorsing Chase for President was voted down.

Grant and the New Reconstruction Law.

A Washington dispatch to the Pittsburg *Commercial* dated January 18th, says:—

"There is no longer any doubt as to General Grant's views of the new reconstruction law. Representative Orth, of Indiana, said to him last night in presence of a large company at the Speaker's reception, that the House would put the bill through right away. Grant immediately replied that he *sincerely hoped not*, that he saw no necessity for it, and that he should be very sorry to see it pass. A prominent Republican Senator, speaking of the bill to day, said that if it passed the House by a strong majority to show the sense of that body, there would perhaps be no necessity for its passage in the Senate. The inference from his language was that the real object in introducing the measure was to intimidate the President in the execution of the existing reconstruction laws."

All is quiet at the War Department and White House. The callers on the President to-day were usually large in numbers.

Mr. Stanton was also visited by his Congressional friends, and urged not to resign.

Items of General Interest.

Thirty-two years ago Milwaukee was a wilderness, but now has eighty thousand inhabitants.

There are said to be, at the present time, three hundred volcanoes in operation on the earth.

Nelson Walker, a negro barber, is announced in the Nashville Press and Times as a candidate for Sheriff of Davidson County.

A vote was taken in St. Thomas on the question of annoxation to the United States, on the 11th inst., with the following result: For, 1244, against 22.

A despatch from Boston says:—The 400 inmates of Deer Island Institution have been suddenly taken ill from the effects of poison, supposed to be administered in the food or water by an unknown party. With the exception of one matron, it is believed that all will recover.

Robert Stevens, colored, of Charleston, S. C., has entered suit in the United States Court at Richmond against the Richmond and Fredericksburg R. R. Co., for requiring his wife to ride in a second class car when she had a first class ticket. He lays his damages at $1,000.

A Nevada sheriff, the other day, serving the bill of complaint of a husband in a divorce case for adultery, hit upon the wrong woman and proceeded to read. The lady stood amazed till he got to the charge of adultery, when she fired a frying-pan loaded with hot fat and doughnuts at him, and the Sheriff quit the premises.

A fruit farmer in Ohio is planting a mammoth orchard, which will consist of 5,000 apple trees, assorted kinds, 10,000 peach trees, 6,000 pear trees, standard, 2,000 dwarf, 2,600 cherry trees, 1,500 Chickasaw plums, 6 acres of quinces, 20 acres of strawberries, 20 acres of raspberries, 18 acres of grapes, 8 acres of Lawton & Wilson's blackberries. A greater part of the trees are already dug, and ready for early spring planting.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED for two of the best subscription books ever published. One entitled "Mysteries of the Neapolitan Convents," by an Ex-Benedictine Nun, a true account of the inner life of the convents—the most thrilling and interesting work before the public. The other entitled "The Cottage Cyclopedia," a gem of *intellectual wealth*, and wanted in every family; complete in one large octavo volume of over 1,000 pages, illustrated. Send for circulars of terms, which are very liberal.
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A large sixteen page Journal, issued monthly, devoted to all matters, laws, facts and items of interest pertaining to Real Estate; containing full descriptions, with prices, &c., *of several thousand properties*, including Fruit, Truck, Grain and Grazing Farms, Cottages and Country Seats, Mill properties, Plantations, Timber Tracts and Mineral Lands, for sale in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Texas, and other States.
Send for a copy—FREE.
TOWNSEND & CO.
No. 237 South Sixth street,
jan22-2t Philadelphia.

NOTICES IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

HENRY A. ZOLLINGER, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, by order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 27th day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before John Brotherline, Esq., Register, at his office in Hollidaysburg, to show cause, if any, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said act, will be had before said Register, at same time and place.
THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S Marshal,
Jan8-4t By S. THOS. ELDER, Deputy Marshal.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
THE BLUE COATS,
And how they Lived, Fought and Died for the Union.
WITH
Scenes and Incidents in the Great Rebellion.
Comprising Narratives of personal adventure, thrilling Incidents, daring exploits, heroic deeds, wonderful escapes, life in the camp, field and hospital; adventures of spies and scouts, together with the songs, and ballads, anecdotes and humorous incidents of the War.
Splendidly illustraied with over 100 fine portraits and beautiful engravings.
There is a certain portion of the war that will never go into the regular histories, nor be embodied in romance or poetry, which is a very real part of it, and will, if preserved, convey to succeeding generations a better idea of the spirit of the conflict than many dry reports or careful narratives of events, and this part may be called the gossip, the fun, the pathos of the war. This illustrates the character of the leaders, the humor of the soldiers, the devotion of women, the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service.
The valiant and brave-hearted, the picturesque and dramatic, the witty and marvelous, the tender and pathetic, and the whole panorama of the war are here thrillingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, unique, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth.
Amusement as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit, and authentic history, are skillfully interwoven in this work of literary art.
Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address,
jan22-2t JONES BROTHERS & CO., Philadelphia.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—[Estate of Samuel Krieger, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary, on the estate of Samuel Krieger, late of Lincoln township, Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
AZARIAH KRIEGER, Executor.
Dec. 18, '67-6t.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.
Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Governor of Pennsylvania for the pardon of Riley Wilson, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for larceny, in the Quarter Sessions of Huntingdon county.
Huntingdon, Jan. 8*

It is the best chance ever offered to Agents! One or two days' time will secure a good *Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver*, or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST! Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar Pawnbroker's Sale in the country. Send for circular. S. C. THOMPSON & CO., dec26-3m* 36 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

OFFICE HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R. Co., 258 South Third street, Phila., Jany. 15, 1868.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the H. & B. T. R. R. and Coal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, 258 south Third street, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, 1868, at 11 o'clock, a. m., when an election will be held for a President and twelve Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.
J. P. ASHTON, Secretary.
jan14-3t

J. S. BERKSTRESSER
WITH
E. MEGRAW & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF,
53 and 55 *Hand Street, and* 31 *St. Clair Street,*
PITTSBURGH, PA.
dec25-1m*

☞New Styles of Wall Paper for 1868, now arriving at Lewis' Book Store.

Cheaper than the Cheapest!

BARGAINS
AT THE
Mammoth Store,
West End of Huntingdon, Penn'a.

We are now offering our immense and well-assorted stock of Goods, at thoroughly reduced, and unprecedented low prices; our superior facilities enabling us to compete successfully with the cheapest.

Our stock consists of Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Willow and Cedar Ware, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Carpets, Rugs and Door Mats, Crocks, Jugs, Stoves, Tinware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Putty, Oils, Paints, Drugs, Flour, Feed, &c., &c., &c., all in great variety, at prices that will not fail to suit consumers. We are also dealing in all kinds of Coal and Lumber, our facilities in these commodities being superior to any other firm in Huntingdon. We claim them as SPECIALTIES in our trade, in which none can compete with us.

We buy all kinds of Grain, Seeds, Flour and Feed, at the highest market rates, and give the highest prices *in Goods* for Produce of all kinds. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and prices, as both are sure to please.

HENRY & CO.,
jn22 Huntingdon, Pa.

1868. 1868.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

No more Bald Heads!
No more Gray Locks!
DR. LEON'S
ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,
Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.
It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, *to its youthful abundance, vitality* and color.
It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a Hair Dressing it has no equal.—The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.
Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to
ZEIGLER & SMITH,
nov27-1y *SOLE PROPRIETORS.*
137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia.

J. A. HANAGAR,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
Would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to his Gallery on Railroad street, opposite the Juniata House, where he is prepared to take all the
LATEST STYLES OF PICTURES,
at the following prices:
Including an 8x10 oval Gilt Frame, $1.50.
Visiting Card Photographs, full size, $1.00.
Ambrotypes, for 25 cents, and upwards.
His long experience in the business enables him to take pictures in every style of the art, at greatly reduced prices. He keeps always on hand a large assortment of
PLAIN AND FANCY FRAMES AND CASES.
Pictures inserted in Lockets, Breastpins, Finger Rings &c., in a neat and durable manner.
Oil Paintings, Daguerreotypes, &c., copied at a reasonable price.
Pictures taken equally well in clear or cloudy weather.
I cordially invite one and all to call and examine specimens, whether they want pictures or not. Come quickly, as I shall remain but a short time in the business.
The above Gallery is either for rent, or for sale, with good security.
Apply to J. A. HANAGAR, Photograph Gallery, Railroad street, Huntingdon, Pa. jan16-3m*

GLAZIER & BRO.,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, HATS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES. GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.
Washington street, near the Jail.
Having purchased our Winter Goods since the late heavy decline, we can afford to offer superior inducements to buyers.
☞READ OUR PRICES.☜
Muslins and Prints, from 8 cts up,
Heavy Unbleached Sheetings, yard wide, 15 cts,
Heavy yard wide Tickings, 30 cts,
Best Winter Delaines, 22 and 25 cts,
All Wool Delaines, 45 to 65 cts,
Double width Wool Plaids, 50 cts,
Heavy Plaid Poplins, $1.00,
Wool Flannels, 28 to 60 cts a yard,
Wool Blankets, $3.00 to $10.00 a pair,
Wool Shawls, $1.25 to $10.00
Balmoral Skirts, $1.25 to $4.50.
Other Goods in proportion.
Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867. GLAZIER & BRO.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON
HAVE
CARPETINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
For Sale at Wholesale Prices,
SUCH AS, ALL WOOL
INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c,
Huntingdon, July 3, 1867.

☞Musical Instruments, fancy and useful articles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 22, 1868.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

Brief Items.

—A pretty thing on ice: A lady attempting to cross the canal on skates.

—Getting smaller and beautifully less: the ladies' waterfalls.

—Getting tighter and miserably close: the gents' pantaloons.

—"We learn by experience," as the fellow said, who drew a thimble in a recent prize lottery.

—Motto for leap year: If you jump at conclusions, you may take a leap in the dark.

—If a body wants a body his store to patronize, shouldn't a body pay a body money to advertise.

—Among the late arrivals in Paris, we notice that of "L. W. Hall and wife," who were on their way to Rome.

—Better late than never: *We forgot* to mention that the Mount Union *Times* has discontinued.

—Busy as ants: The ice-merchants and storers in laying up a stock of that indispensable luxury for summer use.

—The young man that asked the daughter's hand and got the father's boot, had the consolation of knowing that his wooing was not bootless.

—This is leap year for the ladies. We heard of one the other day leaping across one of our gutters. It was a feat indeed—and ten feet also. Eight across and the two she took with her.

—The editor of the Juniata *Republican* regrets that he was "induced by honied words to publish a scheme of a gift enterprise. It was a humbug and swindle." More's the pity.

—There is a lady living near Spring Run, Franklin county, but twenty-three years of age, who is a wife and mother, sister and sister-and-law, an aunt, a mother-in law, a step-mother, and a grand-mother.

—As the season for advertising vendues *is at hand, we would again* remind our friends that we are amply prepared to print hand-bills, at short notice, in the most attractive style desired, and at reasonable rates.

—Tyrone borough, according to the census recently taken by the editor of the *Bulletin*, contains a population of 1,529—of whom 783 are males and 746 females; among the number there are 222 single men and 147 single women.

—The Lewistown *Democrat* says a number of $2 notes on the National Union Bank, Kinderhook, New York, were put in circulation in that place, and insinuates that the counterfeits came from Stone Valley, this county.

—There is an interesting revival meeting in the Lutheran church of Altoona. *One hundred and ninety-one* have made profession of faith in Christ, and ninety-one have been admitted to membership in the church since the meeting began.

—The revival in the Methodist church has met with great success, during the four weeks of its progress.—There have been about seventy converts, of whom fifty-four have been admitted into the church. The meeting still continues.

—Under the auspices of the Pennsylvania State Temperance Union, two hundred and sixty temperance meetings have been held, twenty-eight auxiliary county societies have been formed, and more than 4800 names have been added to the temperance pledge.

—Rev. Alexander Lackey, an old and respected citizen of Carroll township, in Perry county, while preaching on New Year's evening, suddenly sank on his seat, and being carried to the door, *died in a few minutes* thereafter. He was a local preacher of the United Brethren denomination, and much beloved by all who knew him.

—Liberal, very: The Bedford *Inquirer*, (Republican,) in publishing the prospectus of the New York *World*, (Democratic.) Of course, editors can do what they please in such matters; but while some may think it somewhat inconsistent, we doubt the propriety of publishing the prospectuses of any city dailies.

—The East Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will hold its eleventh annual session in Baltimore, beginning on the 11th of March next. This conference embraces as its territory the northern and western portions of Maryland, and the central and southern parts of this State. Two-thirds of its area and members are in this State. It contains 3,500 communicants and 230 traveling preachers.

—In order to make a paper complete in its department of town and neighborhood news, it is absolutely essential that its patrons and readers *should send the editors an account of* all occurrences of interest which come under their notice. We hope that our friends will bear this in mind, and send us such accounts more frequently hereafter. *If you haven't time to put* them in shape for publication, no matter; just send them along, and we will fix them up and print them for the entertainment and edification of all. If you want to know what to write, just give us such a narrative as you would like to read about somebody else's neighborhood.

To Sickly Persons.

To persons who are weak and sickly, the use of Speer's Port Grape wine will restore their health and strength. Physicians, clergymen and temperance advocates *should encourage the* use of the Port Grape Wine, and thus aid the cause of temperance and moderation. We especially recommend it to families for its purity, exquisite flavor and healthy properties. *Medical* men certify to its valuable medicinal powers. We understand that Mr. Speer has been for years engaged in preparing and perfecting it, and that it requires *a four years' process* before it is fit for market.—*N. Y. Baptist.*

Our druggists have procured some direct from the vineyard. It is excellent for females to use.

The Meeting of the County Temperance Union.

COURT HOUSE,
Tuesday Evening, Jan. 14, 1868.

The Temperance meeting was called to order by F. H. Lane, Esq, in the absence of the President, and Rev. J. J. Kerr being called upon led in prayer. After a few remarks from the Chairman, he introduced Wm. Nicholson, Esq., of Philadelphia, Secretary of the Pennsylvania State Temperance Union, who delivered a very able address on the subject of Temperance.—After the lecture the society was called to order and proceeded to business. The minutes of the last meeting read and approved. An amendment to the Constitution at the last meeting striking out the payment of a fee in order to become a member of the Union, was unanimously adopted. On motion, it was resolved that we proceed to elect delegates to the State Temperance Convention to meet at Harrisburg, February 18th. The following were elected: Hon. John Scott, F. H. Lane, Esq., and Rev. Thos. Barnhart.

On motion of John Scott, Esq., the proper officers of the Union were instructed to furnish credentials as delegates to as many friends of Temperance in the County as will attend the State Convention.

On motion of Dr. Hotchkin, the Secretary was instructed to furnish the managers with blank Constitutions for township societeis, with instructions how to proceed to organize such societies.

On motion, resolved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in all the papers in the County, together with a list of the managers appointed for the townships and boroughs in the County. [We will publish the list next week.]

On motion, resolved, that when the Society adjourn, it be to meet the Monday evening of the first week of April court.

On motion, adjourned.

F. H. LANE, *Vice President.*
B. M. GREENE, Rec. Secretary.

For the information of any who may wish to attend the State Convention at Harrisburg, commencing February 18th, I would say that there will be either excursion tickets issued to delegates, or return tickets free furnished them at the Convention. Persons in any part of the County wishing to go *will be furnished* credentials upon application to the President, Hon. John Scott, Huntingdon, or to the Secretary.

B. M. GREENE, Rec. Secretary.

Meeting of the Republican County Committee.

An unusually large meeting of the Republican County Committee was held at this place on the afternoon of Tuesday, the 14th inst. Forty members were present. The object of the meeting, as announced by the Chairman, was to select delegates to the State Convention and transact other business which the interests of the party at this time require.

On motion, it was agreed that a direct vote be taken for delegates and that the persons selected have authority to choose their own Conferees.

The Committee then proceeded to an election, which resulted in the choice of Milton S. Lytle as Representative delegate and Hon. John Scott as Senatorial delegate.

A Committee on Resolutions, consisting of W. F. Cunningham, K. M. King and David Etnier, Jr., was appointed, and reported a series favoring the nomination of Grant and Curtin as the Republican candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency and the renomination of Gen. Hartranft for Auditor General and Gen. Campbell for Surveyor General.

Among them was the following:—Resolved, That the course of our Representative in the Legislature, Hon H. S. Wharton, during the present *session, as well as heretofore, is* approved by this Committee.

All the resolutions reported were adopted. The business above mentioned was transacted with gratifying *unanimity*, and *in considering* the other matters laid before the Committee the best of feeling prevailed among the members.

School Report.

J. P. Wickersham, Esq., State Superintendent of Common Schools, has just published his report for the past year. The statistics given by Mr. Wickersham show a great improvement in the schools of the State, as compared with the previous year. For instance: 2,093 school houses were supplied with apparatus in 1867, against 860 in 1866; 2,147 graded schools existed in 1867, against 1,921 in 1866, the Bible was read in 9,825 schools in 1867, against 9,280 in '66; 5,111 directors were present at the examination in 1867, against 4,720 in 1866, 2,726 teachers had attended Normal schools in 1867, against 2,223 in 1866; 7,458 had read books on teaching in 1867, against 6,917 in 1866; county superintendents made 13,507 visits to schools in 1867, against 12,969; and attended 398 educational meetings in 1867, against 271 in 1866. Our schools appear to be in a flourishing condition; though *judging from what Mr. Wickersham* states there is still room for a great deal of improvement.

Advertisers.

We will not say that the *Globe* has just now a larger list of subscribers than any other paper in the county, but we will say that we believe it has many more readers than any one of the other papers. Nearly all our subscribers complain of being annoyed by borrowers—the very best evidence that men of all parties like to read the *Globe*, but they show by their conduct that they are either too strongly partisan or too stingy to subscribe and pay for it. Advertisers should remember that the *Globe* patrons are the most liberal class of people, who are always the best customers.

Stamps and Blanks.

Revenue Stamps of all kinds, Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Judgment, Exemption and Common Notes, Justice's and Constable's Blanks of all kinds, School Orders and Agreements, Leases, Agreements, Marriage Certificates, Dunning Petitions and Bonds, etc., etc., and Blank Books of all kinds, for sale at LEWIS' Book Store. tf.

☞ *Business men in every civilized* country testify that actual use during many years proves Fairbanks' Standard Scales to be convenient, accurate and durable in the highest degree.

"The Blue Coats, and how they Lived, Fought and Died for the Union; with Scenes and Incidents in the Great Rebellion," is the title of a handsome volume, just issued by Jones Brothers & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

There is a certain portion of the War that will never go into the regular histories, nor be embodied in romance or poetry, which is a very real part of it, and will, if preserved, convey to succeeding generations a better idea of the spirit of the conflict than many dry reports or careful narratives of events, and this part may be called the gossip, the fun, the pathos of the War. This illustrates the character of the *leaders, the humor of the soldiers*, the devotion of women, the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service. From the beginning of the war, the author has *been engaged in collecting* all the anecdotes connected with or illustrative of it, and has grouped and classified them under appropriate heads, and in a very attractive form.

The volume is profusely illustrated with over 100 fine engravings, by the first artists, and its contents include reminiscences of camp, picket, spy, scout, bivouac, siege, and battle-field, with thrilling feats of bravery, wit, drollery, comical and ludicrous adventures, etc., etc.

Amusement as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit, and authentic history, are skillfully interwoven in this work of literary art.

It is just such a volume as will find numerous purchasers, and just such a one as persons seeking to act as book agents should add to their list.

Huntingdon Co. Agricultural Society.

GEO. JACKSON, Treasurer of Huntingdon County Agricultural Society.

DR.

1866. Dec. 27. To amount in hands of Treasurer at last settlement	$ 627 77½
1867. Sept. 18 To cash from John S. Miller, committee on grounds	25 00
Receipts of Fair held 2d, 3d, and 4th of October, as follows:	
667 annual member tickets, at $1 50	1000 50
4 Life member tickets	20 00
1684 single admission tickets at 25 cents	421 00
License on fair ground	27 00
Commissioners' order on county Treasurer	100 00
For sale of lumber to different persons on fair ground	394 51
	$2615 78½

CR.

1867. March 5. Paid J. Hardey for hauling	$ 1 00
October. W. F. Miller and others, night police	18 00
" James Port and others, policemen	47 50
" Jno. Nightwine and others, policemen	52 00
" Wm. King, auctioneer	3 00
" John A. Nash and others for printing	108 65
" Officers' compensation	57 00
" Martin Flenner and others, for labor on grounds	93 12½
" Freight on lumber	80 05
" W. H. Zeigler, expenses to Snow Shoe	6 50
" Michael Decker and others for hauling lumber and harrowing ground	13 50
" Henry & Co. and others, merchandize	19 24
" Geo. Jackson, for hay and straw	12 50
" Corner Band	100 00
" Wm. Stewart & Co. for lumber	362 13
" Miscellaneous	56 72
" Premiums awarded to exhibitors at Fair	879 00
December 28. Balance in hands of Treasurer	705 87
	$2615 78½

And now, December 28, 1867, we, the undersigned Auditors appointed to audit and settle the account of Geo. Jackson, Treasurer, having examined the accounts do find that the balance in the Treasury, after allowing all the premiums awarded is seven hundred and eight dollars and eighty-seven cents, ($708 87.)

R. BRUCE PETRIKEN,
THEO. CREMER,
T. W. MYTON,
Jan. 22, 1868. Auditors.

Republican Representative Conference.

The Republican Representative Conference met in this place on Saturday last, and appointed as delegates to the State Convention, Milton S. Lytle, Esq., of this place, and N. C. Wilson, Esq., of Mifflin. The *Conference endorsed* Gen. Grant for President and Andrew Curtin for Vice President. The following resolution was also adopted:

Resolved, That our Representative *in the Legislature, Major H. S. Wharton*, has at all times faithfully, conscientiously and ably performed his duty to his constituents, and that we heartily endorse his course during the present session in endeavoring to secure independent action and untrammeled Legislation by the body of which he is a member.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Accident.

An accident occurred about a mile above Tyrone, on Saturday, 18th inst. William Layfay, his wife, and another woman, were coming up on the South track, when they met the mail train going East, the two women jumped off the track in time to receive no injury, but Mr. Layfay seemed to be bewildered, and turned around several times, when the Locomotive hit him, knocking him a distance of 55 feet, and killing him almost instantly. His remains were taken to his home in Tyrone. He had only been married since Monday the 13th inst.

Court.

Court for the second week was called Monday afternoon. But two jurymen answered to their names. The irregularities in selecting and drawing the jurymen for the present term and year will make it necessary for the Legislature to give authority to do the work over again.

Will it Fail?

An effort is being made by our liberal and enterprising citizens to do something for the good of the town and country. If this effort fails it will be because the wealth of the "ancient borough" is in the wrong hands.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 20, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $7,50@8,25 extra at $8@10,25 fancy extra family $10@11, and Pennsylvania family $10,00@12,25, and fancy brands $12,75@14,00 according to quality Rye flour $8,75.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice red at $2,52@2,62 white $2,90@3,20. Rye at $1,65@1,67. Corn 1,25 to 1,26 Oats at 78c. Barley malt at $1,55.

Cloverseed $7,25@8,00 according to quality; Timothy at $2,40@2,65; Flaxseed $2,35@2,50 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 18.—Flour.—There is a local demand We quote sales of spring wheat Flour; at $10,00@11,00, winter Flour at $11,50@12,75 fancy at $12@14,75.

Wheat, winter, $2,60@2,65 and No. 1 spring $2,50,@2,55 Corn from first hands at $1,00. Rye, $1,35 per bushel. Oats at@65c Barley 1,60@$1,70. Shoulders 10c; sides 12½c; hams 10½c. Lard 14½c.

CINCINNATI Jan. 18.—Flour dull spring extra $9,75@10,50, Winter, $8,50@9,50. Spring Wheat is at $2,05@2,07. Corn 1,37. Oats, 61cts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Gold closed at $1,38¼.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour	$8,50	Eggs	25
Extra Flour, old	10,50	Feathers ₱ lb	55
Family Flour	12,50	Flaxseed	$2,00
Red Wheat	2,25	Hops ₱ lb	40
White Wheat	2,35	Ham, smoked	20
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	1,25	Iron ₱ ton	1,00
Bark per cord	9,00	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₱ bus	75
Butter	35	Mixed Chop	2,25
Buckwheat	1,00	Oats	60
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt	4,00	Potatoes ₱ bus	1,00
Bran ₱ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,00	Rags ₱ lb	4
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rye	1,25
Beans ₱ bus	2,00	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,50
Chickens	25	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	10
Country Soap	10	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,50
Corn	$1,00	Shoulder	12
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,25	Sides	16
Dried Apples ₱ bu	2,00	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12	Timothy	2,00
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	15	Turkeys ₱ lb	20
Dried Beef	20	Wool ₱ lb	35
Beef ₱ lb	8	Pork ₱ lb	9
Broad Top Coal ₱ ton	$3,50	Hard Coal ₱ ton	$7,00
Green Apples ₱ bus	$1,50	Pig Metal ₱ ton	$35@40
Cloverseed ₱ 64lbs. $6 to 7,00		Lumber ₱ 1000 ft	$12@20
Shellbarks ₱ bus	$2,00	Shingles, Laps, ₱ do	$10@15
Walnuts ₱ bus	50	Joist, " do	$5@8
Stock Hogs	5@6 cts. ₱ lb	Cheese	18@20 cts. ₱ lb

Ladies Dresses and Boys Clothing.

The undersigned inform the public that they are prepared to make Ladies Dresses of all kinds in the most substantial and fashionable styles. Also Boys' Clothing. They respectfully solicit a share of patronage.

B. ANNIE M'CABE.
EMMA OSWALT.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1867,-tf.

Y. M. C. A.

A special meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held on Thursday evening next, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. By order of the President.

I. D. MASSEY, Sec'y.

☞ The great American Hair Preparation, valued at home and abroad, a real Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) A great triumph of science. Mrs. S. A. Allen's improved, (*new style.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

Speer's Wines

Are the pure juice of the grape, and are unexcelled by any native vintage. They contain valuable medicinal properties, and are of intrinsic worth to the invalid and the convalescent, strengthening the weak, and restering the system to tone and vigor. Sickly persons and females should try them.

MARRIED,

On the 12th inst., by Rev. A. Yeoman, Mr. T. T. SHIRK, of Juniata County, to Miss ANNIE MCELROY, of Barree, Huntingdon County.

On Tuesday, January 14, 1868, by Rev. J. W. Plannett, at the residence of *the bride's father*, J. B. SPIESE, Esq., of Harrisburg, to Miss MAGGIE WILSON, of Huntingdon County, Pa.

January 14th, 1868, at Shade Gap, Huntingdon County, Pa., by Rev. R. Lewis McCune, Mr. WM. A. REESE of Quincy, Illinois, to Miss MATTIE MONTAGUE, eldest daughter of Thos. Montague, Esq.

January 16th, 1868, by Peter Swoope, Esq, Mr. G. W. LONG, of Clay twp., to Miss ELIZABETH C. QUERRY, of Cass township, Huntingdon County.

On the 26th of December, at Mooresville, by Rev. J. A. DeMoyer, Mr. WESLEY GREGORY, to Miss LOUISA MYTON, both of West township, Huntingdon County, Pa.

On the 7th of January, 1868, at the M. E. Parsonage, Manor Hill, Mr. SAMUEL RIBOLD, of Greenwood Furnace, to Miss ANNA RANDOLPH, of Barree twp., Huntingdon County, Pa.

At the M. E. Parsonage, in Huntingdon, on the 16th, inst, by Rev. R. E. Wilson, Mr. GEORGE W. TAYLOR, of Cass twp., to Miss BELL WRIGHT, of Union twp., all of this County.

DIED,

In Huntingdon, Monday evening, January 15th, 1867, Mr. MARTIN FLENNER, in the 62d year of his age.

In Henderson township, suddenly of Heart Disease, MARTHA, wife of David Thompson, in the 67th year of her age.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 ARCH street, Phil'delphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—*No charge for examination.* my8-1ybm

SALES.

THREE LOTS FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his THREE LOTS fronting on BATH street in the borough of HUNTINGDON, adjoining lots of Jane Woods, C. Colestock, and others.

If not sold at private sale on or before THURSDAY, 16th JANUARY, inst., they will be offered at public sale *at half-past 1 o'clock on that day at the Court House* in said borough.

Jan8* THOMAS TWEED.

MORRISON'S COVE FARM FOR SALE.

This Farm is situated on Piney Creek about four miles from Williamsburg, adjoining Springfield Furnace property. It contains 105 ACRES, of which about 25 acres is young chestnut timber, all under good fence.

The improvements are a first class BARN, nearly new, with Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c.; a stone DWELLING HOUSE, also new; log Dwelling, large and well selected Orchard, etc., etc.

There is an abundant supply of water by means of capacious cisterns which in seven years experience have never failed in furnishing all the water required; also by the creek which bounds the farm.

Further particulars may be had on application to the undersigned, residing in Huntingdon.

B. R. BRYAN.

Huntingdon, Nov. 15, 1867.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers a Farm for sale, being a part of the one he resides on in Huntingdon County, about one mile west of the town of Orbisonia, situated on the Aughwick Creek, containing about 125 acres; about 70 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a good two story log house, and the masonry work of a bank barn. Also a young apple orchard (130 trees,) of sele t varieties, with a good site for grape culture. The cleared land is good arable bottom land of an eastern slope.

TERMS—One thousand dollars on confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest secured by bond and mortgage. A good title will be given and possession on the first day of April next.

☞ For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN B SHENEFELT.

Oct. 9, 1867.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

THE undersigned have established an Agency in the Borough of

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

For the purchase and sale of all kinds of

REAL ESTATE,

And will give prompt attention to the sale and letting of Houses, Farms, Building lots, and all other Real Estate business entrusted to their care.

FOR SALE.

A convenient and well finished DWELLING in West Huntingdon; pleasantly situated; a well of good water on the premises; a covered pump, and other conveniences.

A handsome RESIDENCE in the Borough of Huntingdon, conveniently located in a central portion of the town.

A very desirable Lot in West Huntingdon; cheap for cash.

Five other Lots favorably located; some of which are fenced. Payments to suit purchasers.

Persons desiring to purchase, sell, or rent, will address or apply in person, to

MILLER & ARMITAGE,
Office opposite the Court House,
dec4,8 Huntingdon, Pa.

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of

WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

SELLERS & FOLWELL,

WHOLESALE

CONFECTIONERS & FRUITERERS,

No. 161 North Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Orders promptly attended to. dec4-4t

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BELLS!

BELLS!!

BELLS!!!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

SLEIGH BELLS,

Ever exhibited at HUNTINGDON, Loose, and Strapped, in every style, NOW OPENED, and being sold at very LOW PRICES, at

JAS. A. BROWN'S

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

ALSO,

SLEIGH RUNNERS,

FENDERS,

SHAFTS,

SOLES,

STEEL SOLES,

WILLOW SLEIGH

BASKETS, SLEIGH and

WAGON WHIPS,

FINE HARNESS MOUNTINGS.

A good stock of well seasoned

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES,

and a general stock of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass,

STOVES,

&c.,

Including the late Patent

"ECLIPSE" COOK STOVE,

Which throws all other Stoves in the shade and pleases so well that everybody wants

THE ECLIPSE.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

Huntingdon, Jan '14 '68-tf

J. C. BLAIR,

BOOKSELLER,

And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STATIONERY

AND

WALL PAPER,

Proprietor of the

Huntingdon Circulating Library.

TERMS: Annual subscriptions, $5.00; half yearly, $3.00 quarterly, $1.50. This subscription entitles one person to one new and one old book at a time.

Weekly Subscribers.—For loan of Books per week, 10 cents per volume.

Weekly subscribers will be required in all cases to leave a deposit equal in value to the Book.

The *new Books* will not be allowed to *any* subscribor for a longer period than *four* days; or if detained beyond that time, an additional charge of 2 cents per day; other books seven days, or if detained beyond that time 3 cents per day. Books not returned in *two weeks* to be charged.

All Books are considered *old* that have been in the Library *six months.*

Books damaged seriously will be charged.

All payable in advance.

Special terms and arrangements with persons living out of town.

All new and desirable books on hand as soon as issued.

A complete assortment of pictures for

DECALCOMANIA,

OR, THE

ART OF INSTANTLY TRANSFERRING PICTURES

To China, Glass, Tin and Wooden ware, Leather and Paper Mache goods, in short, to all articles of every description.

The following series of Books will be found constantly on hand:

SPELLERS AND READERS.

Parker & Watson's	McCuffey's,	Town's,
Sander's,	Sargent's,	Worcester's,
Sander's Union,	Osgood's,	Bank's, &c.
Illiara's,		

ARITHMETICAL.

Greenleaf's,	Robinson's,	Dean's
Davie's,	Ray's,	Colburn's,
Stoddard's,	Brooke's,	Loomis', &c., &c.

GEOGRAPHICAL.

Mitchell's,	Colton & Fitch's,	Guyot's,
Warren's,	Monteith's,	Camp's.

GRAMMARS.

Green's,	Clark's,	Fewsmith's,
Bullion's,	Brown's,	Parker's.

HISTORIES.

Goodrich's,	Pinnock's,	Martindale's,
Millard's,	Willson's,	Worcester's.
	Lossing's,	

DICTIONARIES.

Cobb's,	Reed's,	Walker's,
Jenkin's,	Webster's,	Robbin's.
	Worcester's,	

Speakers, Dialogue, Classical, Botanical, Chemistry, and Miscellaneous School Books.

BLANK BOOKS.

From the small paper cover Pass to the full bound Russia Corner Ledger.

A splendid assortment of

HOLIDAY AND TOY BOOKS,

of English and American manufacture.

Satchels, Bottom Flour Sacks, at jobbing rates—at from $27.50 to $65 per thousand. Printed with any name desired.

Also, Manilla Wrapping, Confectionery and Sugar Bags

DAILY, WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PAPERS AND MAGAZINES OF ALL KINDS.

Choice Havana and Yara SEGARS, Solace, Century, Sunnyside, and other brands of fine cut CHEWING TOBACCO. Oronoco, Navy, Spun, &c., &c.

A beautiful stock of Octagon and Square Cornered *Rustic Walnut and Gilt*

PICTURE FRAMES.

All kinds of Frames on hand and made to order. Imitation Rosewood, and Gilt Imitation Walnut and Gilt Genuine Walnut and Plain and Fancy Gilt Frames supplied on short notice.

CARDS OF ALL KINDS.

Music and Periodicals bound in every style at cheap rates.

French and common paper stamped any letter or letters, plain or in colors.

Photographs, Albums, Engravings, Artist's Materials, such as Monotrinte Boards, Tube Paints, Crayons, &c.

Also, Agent for the Singer Family and Manufacturing SEWING MACHINES—a Machine that will Hem, Braid Cord, Tuck, Quilt and Bind. Please call and examine—A full assortment of the different styles constantly on hand.

All orders and inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.

J. C. BLAIR,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
Dec18,1867-tf. Next to Broad Top Ticket Office.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—*Do you really* intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent; or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense *to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white*, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as *at any House in town. Store on South*-east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

NOTICE TO ALL.

HILL STREET MARKET,

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

R. G. MORRISON respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he continues the meat market business in all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand

Fresh Beef, Pork, Pudding and Sausage, salt Beef and Pork, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Spices of all kinds, Catsups and Sauces, Teas, Soaps, Cheese, Salt, Lard, &c., &c.,

All of which he will continue to sell at reasonable prices The highest prices paid for hides and tallow. Thomas Colder, at Alexandria, and Marsh & Bro., at Coffee Run, are my agents to purchase at their places.

Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. R. G. MORRISON.

Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES WANTED to Canvass for the

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it *is*, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all Infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, *brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting.* A master-piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School teacher, student and clergyman, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address ZIEGLER, MCCURDY & CO.,

no6-4m No. 614 Arch street, Philadelphia.

STOVES, GRATES, RANGES, &C.

ANY of the above articles can be had by addressing the subscriber. Stoves of *all kinds and sizes* to suit the wants of all.

We call the attention of the public to the

AUTOCRAT COOKING STOVE,

a stove beyond competition. It is a pretty pattern, good baker, with large oven, and suitable for either coal or wood. Stoves furnished at city foundry prices. Any person wishing to purchase a stove without cooking utensils can do so, and the prices of all the articles will be deducted. All stoves warranted. Samples can be seen at Mr. Hughe's store, Mill Creek, or at the residence of the subscriber.

All parlor stoves furnished at low prices. Stoves delivered at any railroad station.

D. WALKER,
se18-tf Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa

SELLING OFF

CHEAP.

DESIRING TO SELL OUT THIS year's styles of WALL PAPER, to make room for next Spring stock, persons intending to paper this Fall should call at LEWIS' BOOK STORE, and examine stock. A large number of handsome patterns on hand, all of which will be sold cheap. oct2-tf

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

W. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, oc. 9, 1867.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY

BY

DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,

M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. In NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetis, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county.

All letters address to

WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
jal3'67 McConnellstown, Pa.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

GEO. F. MARSH,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS,

Have removed to the store room on the corner of the Diamond, opposite Lewis' Book Store, where he intends to keep constantly on hand the latest styles of Ready made Clothing and piece goods, comprising

AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND FRENCH

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.

Also a large supply of OVERCOATS, made up in the most fashionable style, and sold at greatly reduced prices.

Being a practical workman of many years experience, he is prepared to make to order Clothing for men and boys, and guarantee neat, durable and fashionable workmanship. He is determined to please everybody.

☞ All are invited to call and examine my new stock of beautiful patterns before purchasing elsewhere

de26,1867 GEO. F MARSH.

FIXED FACTS INDELIBLY IMPRESSED will always triumph over simple assertions.

Thus it is that this community gives testimony in favor of the well known establishment of

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON.

Whilst it is not his purpose to deceive the public by clamoring "low prices and better goods" than other dealers, he simply invites all who wish to purchase in his line of business to call and satisfy themselves that with him a patron once gained is never lost; that is, "the proof *of the pudding is in the tasting of it.*"

He has just received his winter supply of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

He has also a large assortment of the most substantial and fashionable

Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

of every description, and made up from the *best material.*

Always on hand the finest quality of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS which are made up to order by good, experienced workmen, in a manner the most fashionable and enduring.

No eastern city can afford a better or more varied style of goods than can be found in my selection.

H. GREENBERG,
Huntingdon, Nov. 13, 1867. Merchant Tailor.

AN IMPROVEMENT IN LIGHT! We take ple

NOTICE.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.

Huntingdon, April 3, 1867.

A. L. LEWIS,

LEISTER'S NEW BUILDING,

Huntingdon, Pa.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS, CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE

AND GROCERIES.

REMEMBER!

This is the Store, Where Goods are Sold CHEAP.

July 17, '67–tf.

By Canal & Railroad.

We are now receiving by Canal and Railroad from the eastern and western cities,

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES

Of every description,

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,

FLOUR, FEED,

AND

Provision,

Of all kinds.

COAL.

Anthracite, Pittsburgh, and Broad Top Coal for sale by the Cart or Boat load.

LUMBER.

Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering Lath, in large or small quantities.

Nails and Bar Iron, at manufacturers' prices.

HENRY & CO.,

je26 Huntingdon, Pa.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

Huntingdon, October 2, '67.

A SPECIALTY.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

Just received at

RUDOLPH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

In this department, which will at all times receive my strict attention, I have a well assorted display of

Dress Trimmings, Cloak and Sacque Trimmings, Dress Buttons, Gloves, Veils, Zephyr Knit Shawls, Nubias, Hoods, Sontags, Handkerchiefs, Fall Hats, Hat and Bonnet Frames, Velvet Ribbons, Corsets, Hosiery, and latest style Sacques from $5 to $30.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

Hats and Caps, all styles, from 50 cents to $10, Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Neck Ties, Collars, Hosiery, and every article kept in a first class Furnishing Store.

By making my business a specialty, I hope to meet with such patronage from the public as will enable me to keep continually on hand a large and well selected stock of first class goods, Whilst keeping up to the fashion in every article, I will also sell cheaper than the cheapest.

W. P. RUDOLPH,
Opposite Leister's New Building.

Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

TO THE LADIES

W. B. ZEIGLER

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Huntingdon and the country generally, that he has just returned from New York and Philadelphia, where he has purchased a large stock of goods almost

EXCLUSIVELY FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Fancy and plain Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Under garments, Merino Vests and Drawers, Corsets, Balmorals, Hoop skirts, Shawls, Scarfs, Hoods, knit of various styles and patterns, Ladies' and Children's Stockings of all styles and colors, Also,

Dress Goods, Prints, Delaines, Plaids, Alpacas, Ginghams, Brown and Bleached Muslins, &c.

Gents' Undershirts, Drawers, and Stockings.

All goods sold at the lowest cash prices, and as cheap as the cheapest.

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and saws room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yentes's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a *NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE* and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country.

J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866–tf

Can't Be Beaten!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. myz

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. N BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.

Oct. 17, 1866–tf.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken *UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.*

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Benedict's.

may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

COUNTRY DEALERS

can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

EVERY FAMILY

Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

☞ For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,
SLEDGES, HAMMERS,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES,
Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales; Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Port able, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON-BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for houses, barns, fences, carriage and car makers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, canal boats, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, (it being fire and water proof), floor oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,

se4-6m 254 Pearl street, New York.

☞ Two Barrels of the above paint for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25, & 27 BROADWAY, N. Y.

OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men: it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously furnished with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our Guests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.

Aug. 14, '67–6m. PROPRIETORS.

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

NO DUST! NO GAS!! NO DAMPERS!!

ESTABLISHED 1851.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th & Filbert streets,

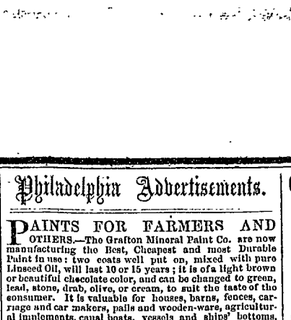
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated

WROUGHT-IRON, AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

WITH PATENT DUST-SCREEN.



For ease of management without any dampers, Durability, Simplicity, and Economy, this Heater has no superior in this country. They are all guaranteed to give satisfaction. Estimates made free of charge.

Cooking Ranges, Latrobe Heaters, Slate Mantles, Low Down Grates, Portable Heaters, Registers, Ventilators, &c., &c.

Send for one of our Illustrated Pamphlets. [np10-1y

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

"OWN MAKE."

After more than *five years* experience and experiment ing in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop Skirts should make a note of this fact. Every lady who has not given them a trial should do so without further delay.

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size for Ladies, Misses and Children. Also, Skirts made to order, altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and be not deceived.—See that the letter "H" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A," upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hands a full line of good New York and Eastern made skirts at very low prices, Wholesale and Retail at the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium,

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

aug28–3m

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—Los Angelos, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal office, A. SPEER,

No. 243 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.

Sold by John Reed, and Samuel Smith, Druggists, Huntingdon. se18

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,

718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,

PHILADELPHIA.

ec2–1m

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS family Grocery. Call and see.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received,

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

NEW

LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock, Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $300 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

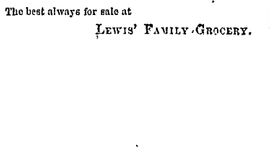
All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the undersigned. Information and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,

Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,

may9,'2167 HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABRILE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CAHILLIAT, NEEDHAM & CO.'S MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,

Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

may8,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church mch6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at

LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

IMPROVED

HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.

A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Let every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveller buy our

SOLAR WATCH,

or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial.

Warranted to keep True Time for every Day of the Year

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles, being based on astronomical tables and calculations; and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise, exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by the most infallible test recognized by science.

The mode of using the "Solar Watch" is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass head and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright in the sunshine in such a position as will throw the shadow of the Style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting the morning and corresponding afternoon hours, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylinder and Diagram, moveable Brass Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR.

Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BEVENS, PARDE & CO.,

34 North Ninth Street, Philada.

☞ For sale, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell the article —supply immediately. WM. LEWIS,

se4 Agent for Huntingdon county.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

NOVEMBER 25, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 5 25 and 8,10 A. M., and 2 05 and 9,35 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R., arriving at New York 5,10, 10 15 and 11 50 A. M., and 3,40, and 9 30 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 35 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 05 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 55 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8,45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 12,19 a m, and 2,00 P M; Tamaqua at 8,30 A M., and 1 and 8 45 P M

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a m. and 12 noon.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7,20 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4,00 P. M

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5,00 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 9 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

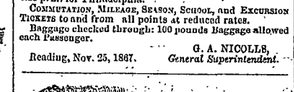
On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 6 25 a m, and 4 10 and 9 35 p m, and Reading 1 00, and 7 15 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 7 05 a. m., and 11 40 p. m., for New York, and 4,25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 100 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,

Reading, Nov. 25, 1867. *General Superintendent.*



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	WESTWARD. PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	WESTWARD. PACIFIC EXPRESS.	WESTWARD. CINCINNATI EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	EASTWARD. MAIL.	EASTWARD. HARRISBURG ACCOM.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5 13	.....	12 15	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	6 01	.....
5 20	.....	12 26	.....	Mt. Union,	10 09	4 55	.....
5 30	.....	12 40	.....	Mapleton,	.....	4 45	.....
5 40	.....	12 50	.....	Mill Creek,	10 54	4 36	.....
5 55	7 05	1 08	3 35	Huntingdon,	9 42	4 23	10 55
6 14	.....	1 30	.....	Petersburg,	9 27	4 04	.....
6 21	.....	1 40	.....	Barree,	PM 20	3 55	.....
6 28	.....	1 50	.....	Spruce Creek,	9 13	3 48	.....
6 41	.....	2 05	.....	Birmingham,	.....	3 35	.....
6 48	7 52	2 15	4 21	Tyrone,	8 53	3 28	10 08
27 01	.....	2 27	.....	Tipton,	PM 45	3 17	.....
7 07	.....	2 36	.....	Fostoria,	.....	3 12	.....
7 12	.....	2 42	.....	Bell's Mills,	8 35	3 08	.....
7 20	8 23	3 05	4 47	Altoona,	8 20	2 50	9 35
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 12 15 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 29 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 25 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 40 P M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 46 P., M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 00 P. M.

Nov. 24, 1867.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 16TH, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. ACCOMM.	UP TRAINS. MAIL	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	DOWN TRAINS. ACCOMM.	DOWN TRAINS. MAIL
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE 4 40	LE 7 50	Huntingdon,	AR 9 30	AR 4 17
5 02	8 10	McConnellstown,	9 03	3 57
5 14	8 23	Pleasant Grove,	8 56	3 49
5 31	8 38	Marklesburg,	8 38	3 30
5 50	8 53	Coffee Run,	8 23	3 15
6 00	9 01	Rough & Ready,	8 13	3 08
6 10	9 12	Cove,	7 58	2 54
6 20	9 16	Fisher's Summit,	7 53	2 50
AR 6 38	AR 9 35	Saxton,	AR 7 35	LE 2 35
	LE 9 40			AR 2 26
	10 00	Riddlesburg,		2 08
	10 03	Hopewell,		2 00
	10 21	Piper's Run,		1 44
	10 42	Tatesville,		1 19
	10 55	Bloody Run,		1 07
	AR 11 05	Mount Dallas,		LE 1 00

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 6 40	LE 9 50	Saxton,	AR 7 30	AR 2 30
6 55	10 05	Coalmont,	7 15	2 15
7 00	10 10	Crawford,	7 10	2 10
AR 7 15	AR 10 20	Dudley,	LE 7 05	LE 2 05
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon Oct. 23, 1867. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

THOMAS N. COLDER

The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

THOS. N. COLDER.

Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866–tf.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

PROF. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes,
☞ Toothache in one minute,
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nervo vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. MCENTYRE,
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